

Rogaška Slatina
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A 6-in-1 fully liquid vaccine for infant immunisation



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The challenge of combination vaccines

°°° Major area of vaccine research

°°° Development of a new vaccine

°°° Clinical data

- Immunogenicity
- Safety



°°° Development of Hexacima®

- 11 years from start of the project to license

°°° Production of Hexacima®

- Up to 33 months to produce a high-quality batch
 - 18 to 24 months: production and control
 - 9 months: filling, formulation, packaging, quality control



VACCINE ANTIGENS



HEXACIMA®

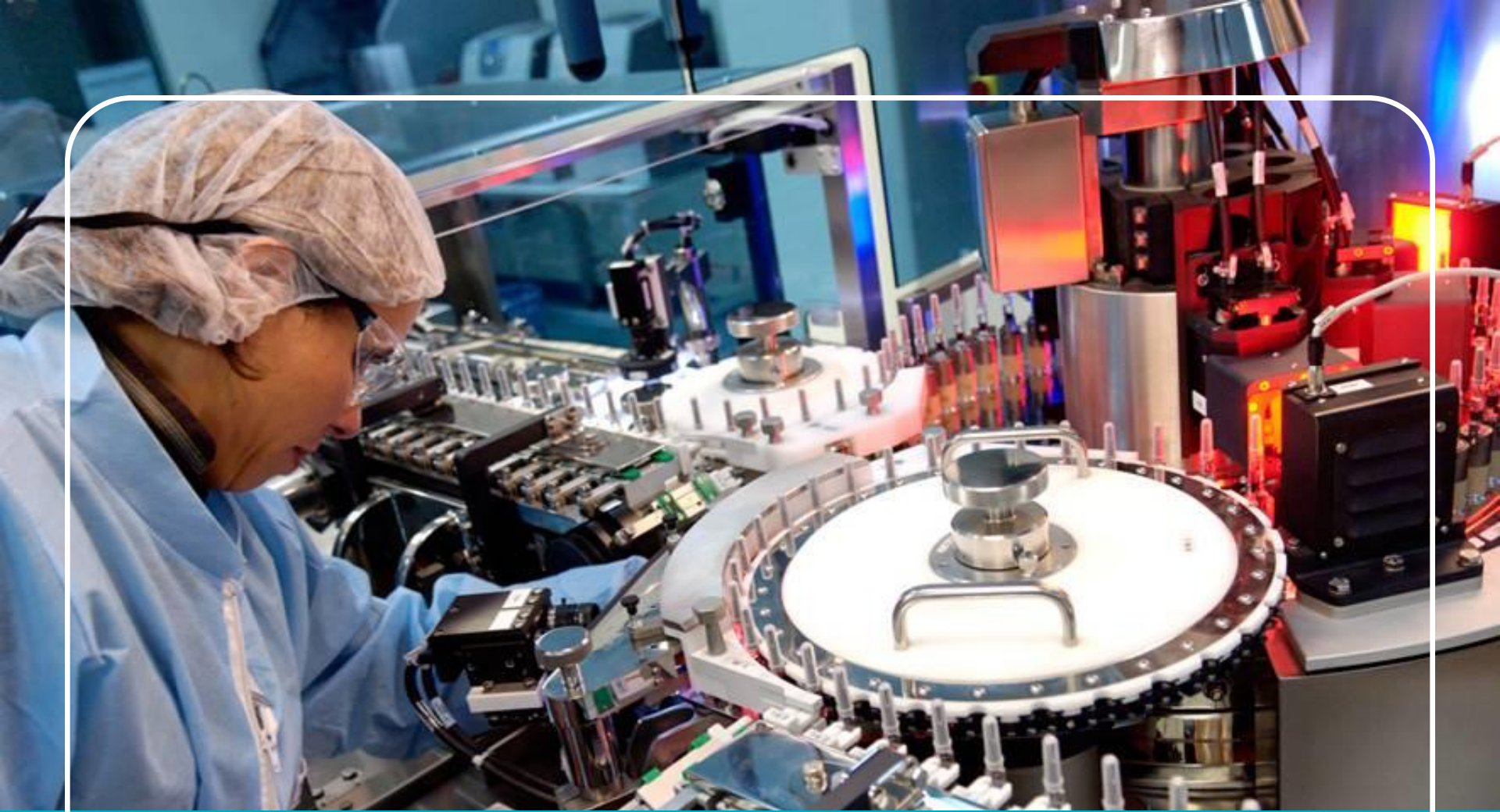
Combination of Sanofi Pasteur's heritage and innovation

°°° HEXACIMA®, fully liquid, ready-to-use formulation, contains

- Established Sanofi Pasteur's antigens (D, T, aP, IPV, Hib (PRP-T)) used worldwide as either a standalone or combination vaccine
- Sanofi Pasteur's new hepatitis B antigen



Hexacima

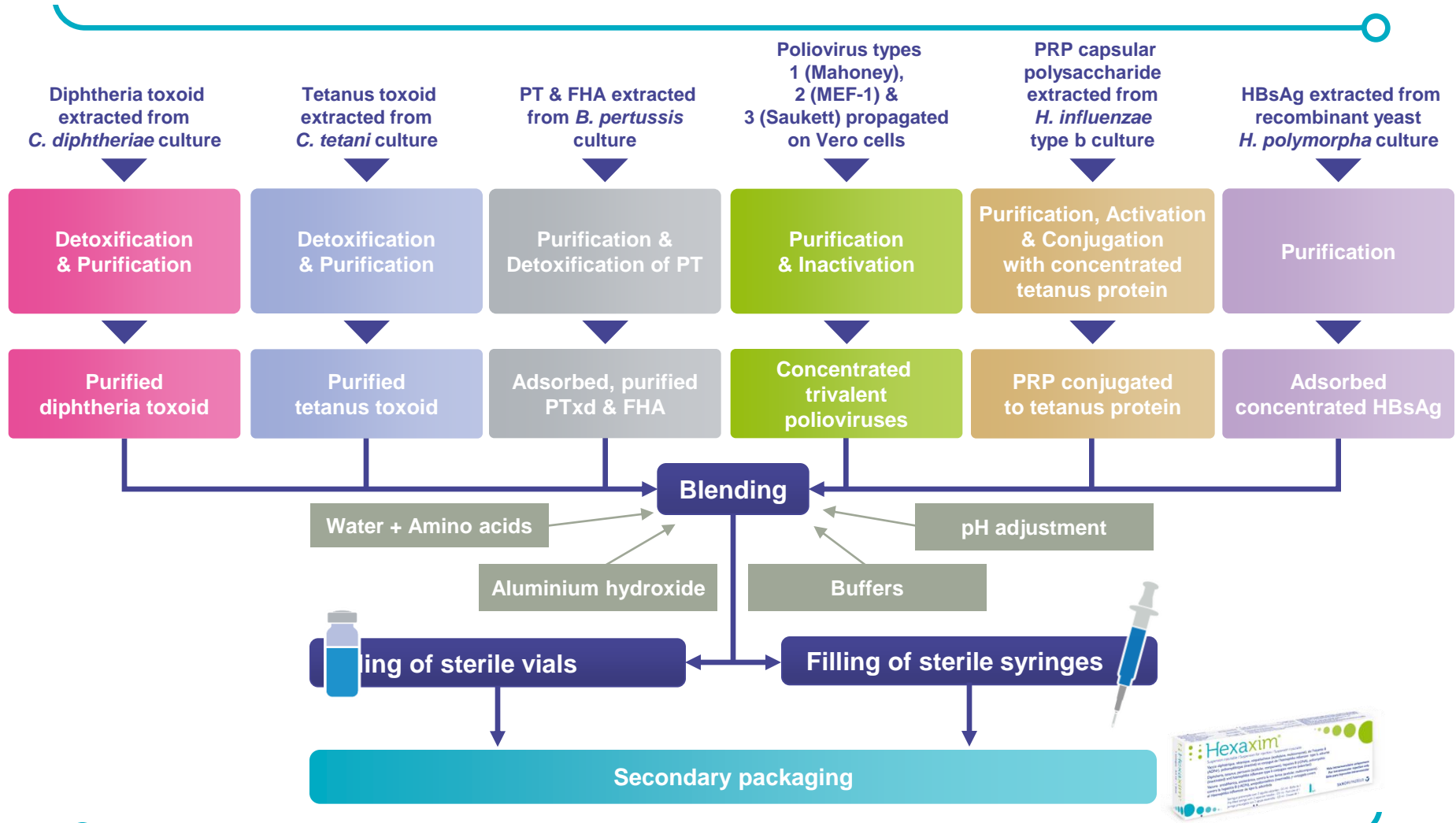


MANUFACTURING PROCESS



HEXACIMA®

Sanofi Pasteur's 100% in-house 6-in-1 vaccine



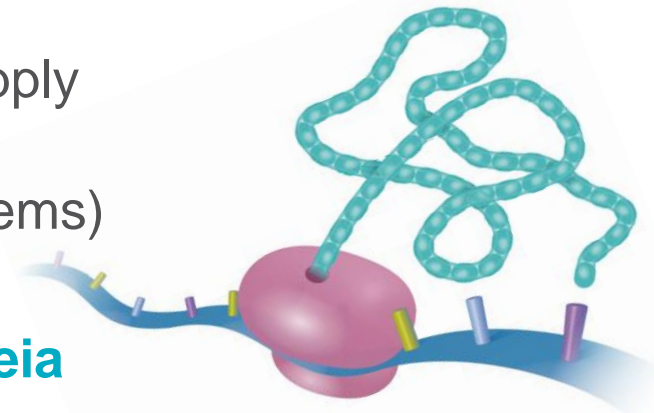
HEXACIMA® - Hepatitis B antigen

Produced using the patented *Hansenula polymorpha* yeast expression system

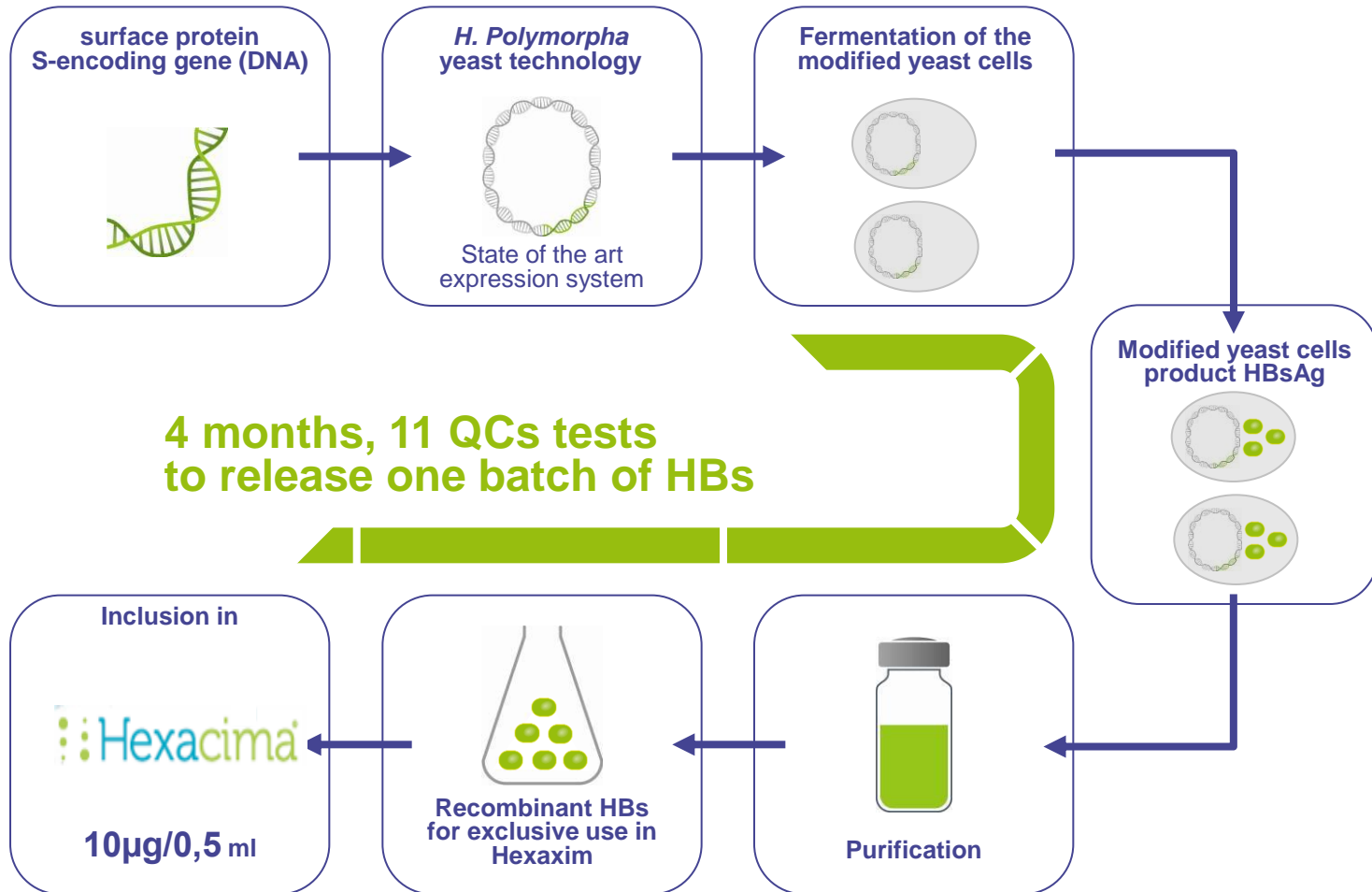
- Consistent high quality and reliable supply
- No need for methanol as solvent (used with other yeast expression systems)

Compliant with European Pharmacopoeia Monograph 1056 & WHO TRS 786

Produced exclusively for use in HEXACIMA®

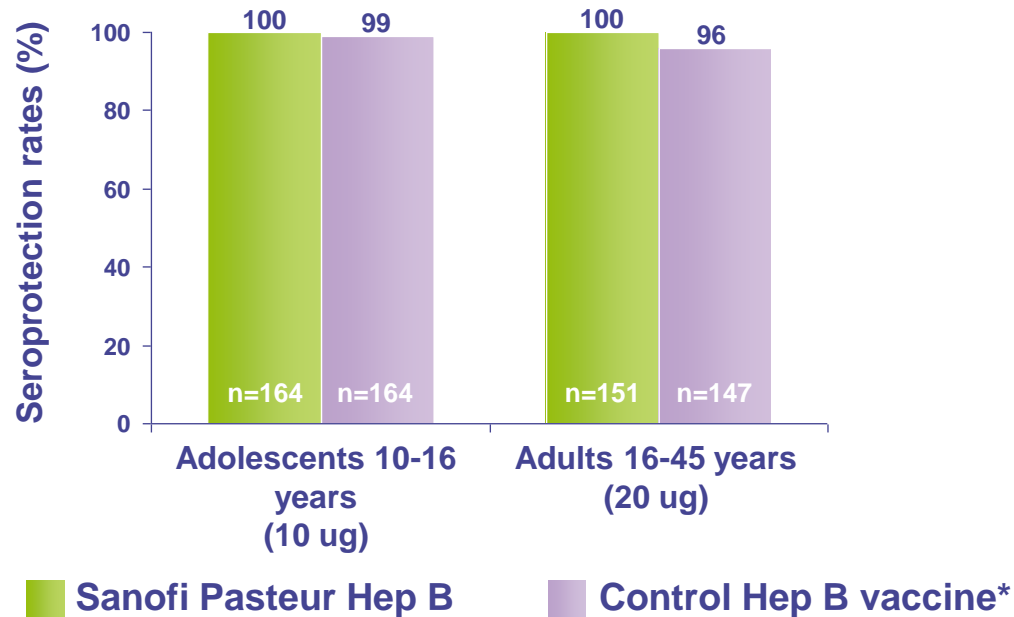


Production of Sanofi Pasteur's new *H. polymorpha*-derived HBsAg



Sanofi Pasteur's new hepatitis B antigen induces high immune response against hepatitis B

Seroprotection rates (Anti-HBsAg \geq 10mIU/mL)
Post-vaccination at 0,1,6 months⁷



Based on high and consistent immune response,
Sanofi Pasteur's hepatitis B antigen (10 μ g) was included in HEXACIMA[®]

Composition of HEXACIMA®

Active substances⁰

- Each unit dose (**0,5 ml**) contains antigens against all diseases in the following concentrations:
- All antigens included in HEXACIMA® are manufactured by Sanofi Pasteur

Adjuvants

- Each unit dose (0,5 ml) is adsorbed on aluminum hydroxide, hydrated (0.6mg Al³⁺)³⁰
- HEXACIMA® is **preservative free**

Purified diphtheria toxoid	≥20 IU
Purified tetanus toxoid	≥40 IU
Acellular pertussis antigens Pertussis Toxoid (PT)	25 µg
Filamentous Haemagglutinin (FHA)	25 µg
Polioviruses inactivated:	
Type 1 poliovirus (Mahoney)	40 units
Type 2 poliovirus (MEF-1)	8 units
Type 3 poliovirus (Saukett)	32 units
<i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> type b polysaccharide	12 µg
Purified recombinant hepatitis B surface antigen	10 µg

HEXACIMA® – Clinical Development

Comprehensive clinical development plan

- 13 large scale studies
- >5.000 subjects included
- Immunogenicity and safety evaluations
- Primo & booster schedules
- Large-scale safety study
- Lot-to-lot consistency
- Co-administration studies
- Long-term antibody persistence

HEXACIMA® - Clinical Development Overview

Different vaccination schedules

- 6-10-14 weeks
- 2-3-4 months
- 2-4-6 months

With or without HB at birth

- **Booster dose (15-24 months)**

Different control vaccines (standard of care)

- **Acellular pertussis combination vaccines**
 - Infanrix hexa
 - Pentaxim
- **Whole cell Pertussis combination vaccines**
 - CombAct-Hib + Engerix B + OPV
 - Tritanrix-HepB/Hib + OPV

Different Concomitant Vaccines

Primary series

- PCV7 (Prevenar), Rotavirus (Rotarix)

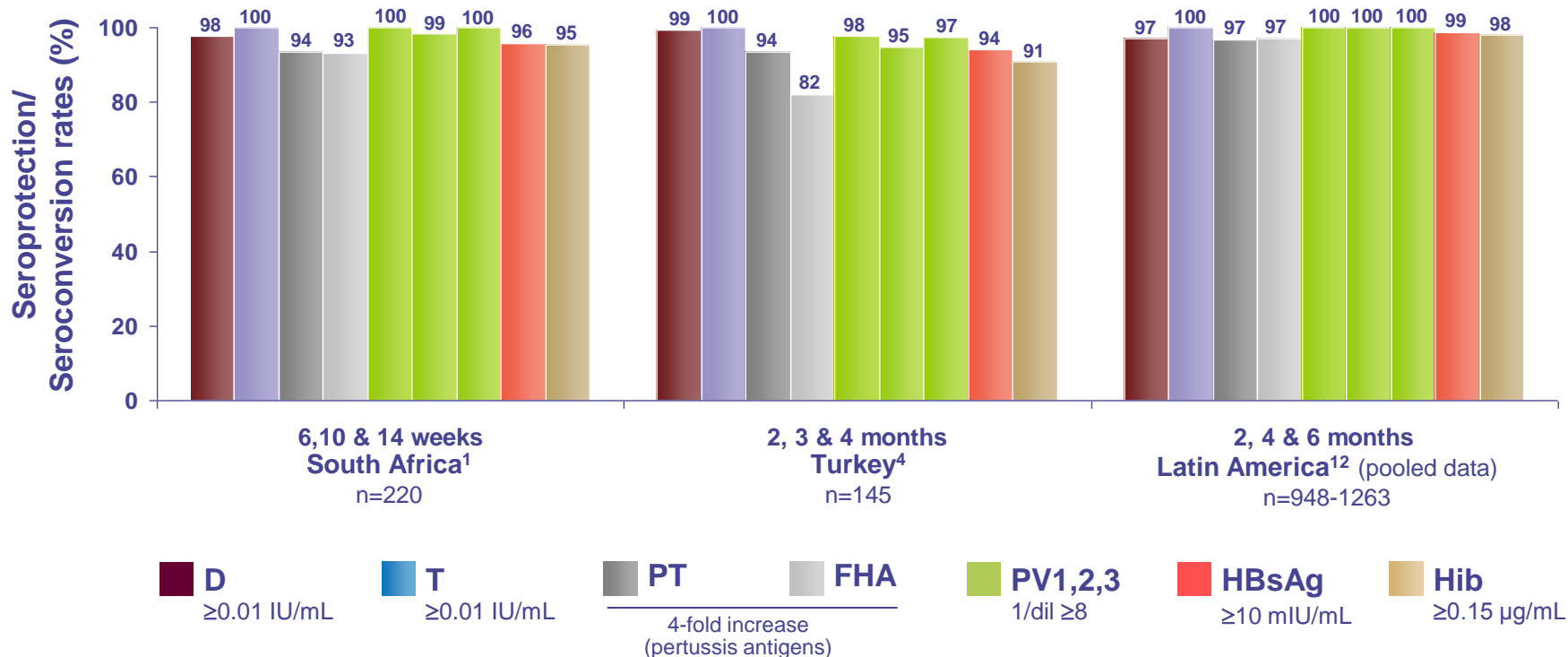
Booster series

- MMR (Trimovax), Varicella (Varilrix)

HEXACIMA®

Immunogenicity after primary vaccination

Seroprotection/seroconversion rates
after the 3rd dose of HEXACIMA® under various primary schedules
 (No Hep B vaccine at birth, no concomitant vaccine)



[1] Madhi et al. *PIDJ*, 2011;30(4)

[4] Ceyhan et al. *5th ACIPID Congress*, 2010

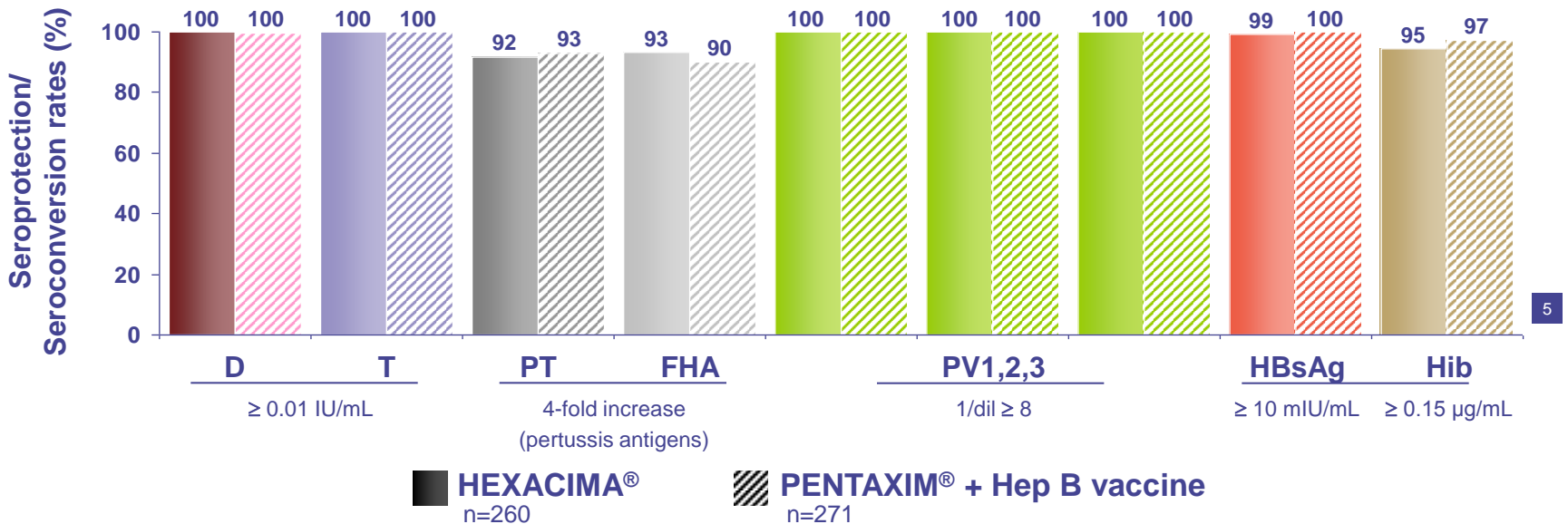
[12] Tregnaghi et al. *30th ESPID Congress*, 2012

HEXACIMA®

Immunogenicity compared to PENTAXIM®

Seroprotection/Seroconversion rates after the 3rd dose of HEXACIMA® or PENTAXIM® in infants vaccinated at 2, 4 & 6 months of age

(No Hep B vaccine at birth, no concomitant vaccine)



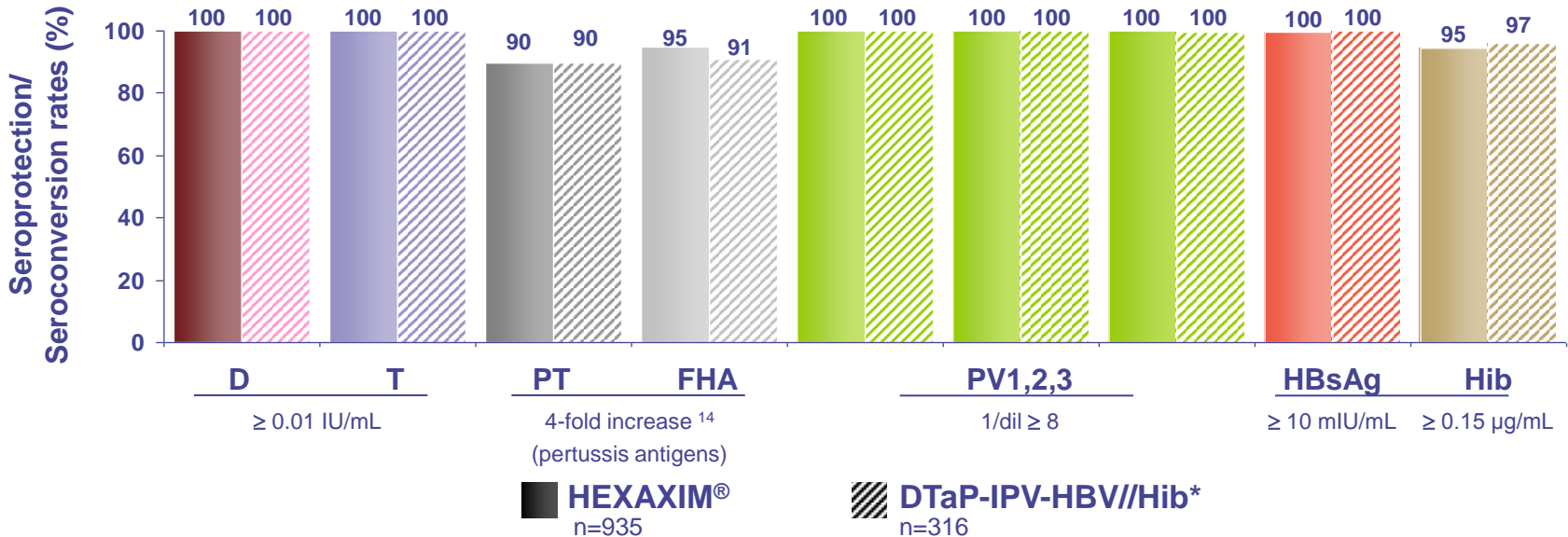
The immune response to all HEXACIMA® antigens is high and similar to that of PENTAXIM® co-administered with standalone hepatitis B vaccine

Tregnaghi et al. *PIDJ*, 2011;30(6)

HEXACIMA®

Immunogenicity compared to another licensed hexavalent vaccine

Seroprotection/seroconversion rates after the 3rd dose of HEXACIMA® or DTaP-IPV-HBV//Hib* in infants vaccinated at 2, 4 & 6 months of age
(Hep B vaccine at birth, concomitant PCV7 & rotavirus vaccine)

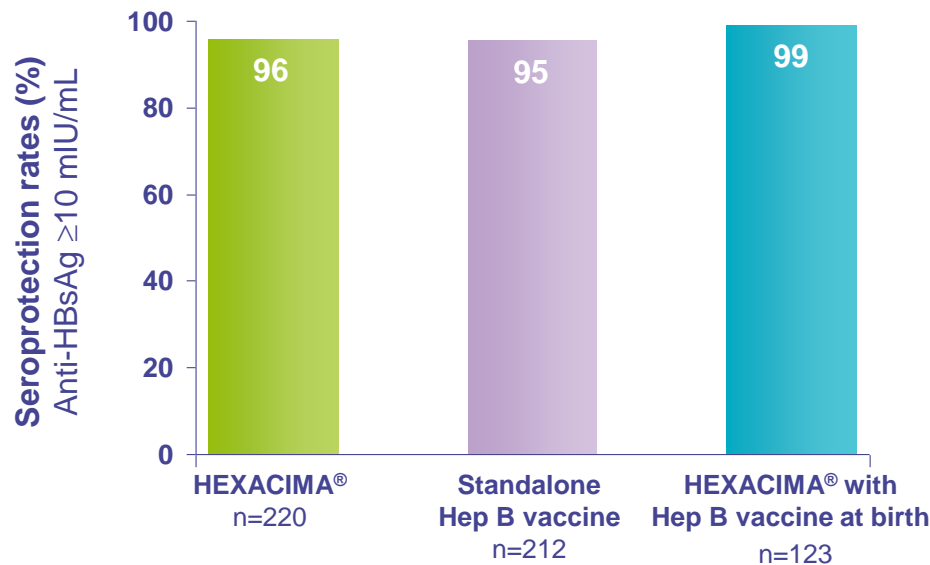


The immune response to all HEXACIMA® antigens is high and similar to that of another licensed hexavalent vaccine

HEXACIMA®

Highly immunogenic against hepatitis B

Anti-HBsAg seroprotection after the 3rd dose of HEXACIMA®
in infants vaccinated at 6,10 &14 weeks of age
(No concomitant vaccine)



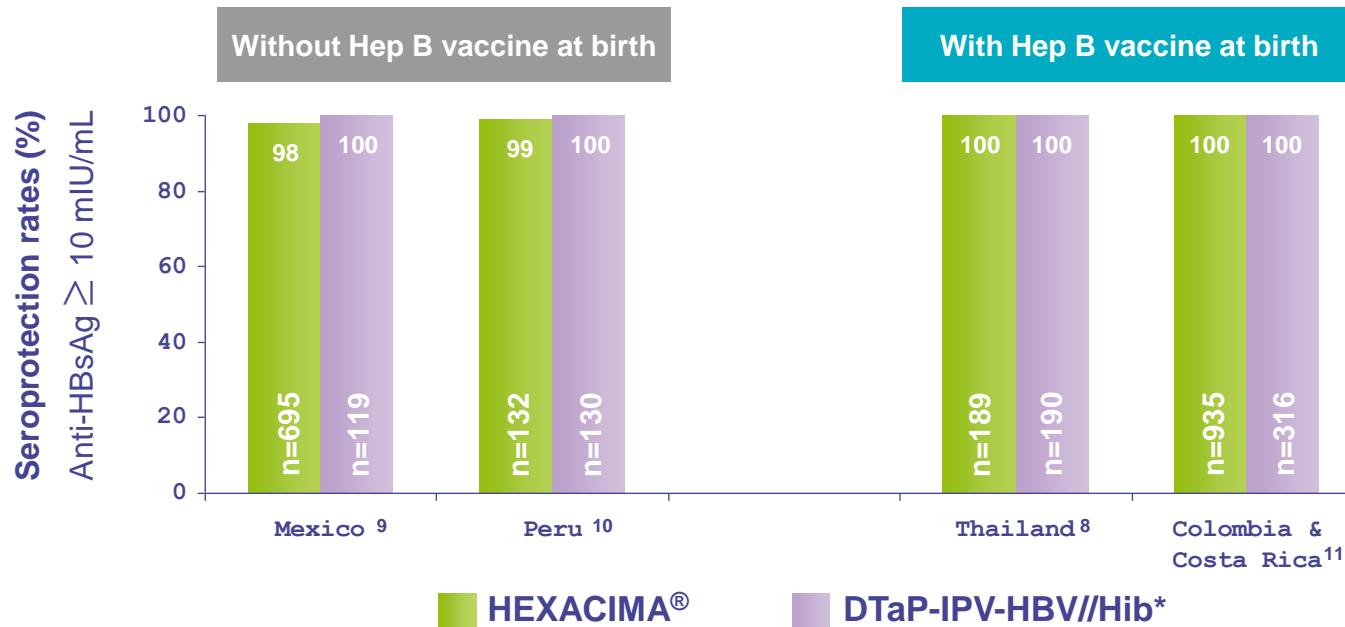
HEXACIMA® is the only hexavalent vaccine licensed for use with the EPI schedule in the absence of hepatitis B vaccination at birth

Madhi et al. *PIDJ*, 2011;30(4)

HEXACIMA[®]

Highly immunogenic against hepatitis B

Anti-HBsAg seroprotection rates after the 3rd dose of HEXACIMA[®] or DTaP-IPV-HBV//Hib* in infants vaccinated at 2, 4 & 6 months of age



HEXACIMA[®] induces consistently high immune responses to hepatitis B antigen

HEXACIMA®

Highly immunogenic against hepatitis B

- Under various vaccination schedules
- Similar to that of another licensed hexavalent vaccine
- In the absence of hepatitis B vaccination at birth
- Even under the challenging EPI schedule (6,10,14 weeks)
 - HEXACIMA® is the only hexavalent vaccine indicated for the EPI schedule in the absence of hepatitis B vaccination at birth

HEXACIMA[®] induces strong booster responses regardless of primary series vaccine

◦◦◦ **HEXACIMA[®] has been given as a booster in children primed with**

- **HEXACIMA[®] at 6-10-14 weeks; 2-3-4 months; 2-4-6 months of age**
- **PENTAXIM[®] + standalone Hep B vaccine at 2-3-4 months of age**
- **DTaP-IPV-HBV//Hib* at 2-4-6 months of age**

◦◦◦ **Regardless of the primary series vaccine,**

a HEXACIMA[®] booster results

in strong anamnestic responses to all antigens

HEXACIMA®

Safety & Tolerability

Grade 3

Pain = cries when injected limb is moved or the movement of the injected limb is reduced

Erythema/Swelling = ≥ 5 cm in diameter

Pyrexia = $\geq 39.5^{\circ}\text{C}$

Vomiting = ≥ 6 episodes per 24 hours

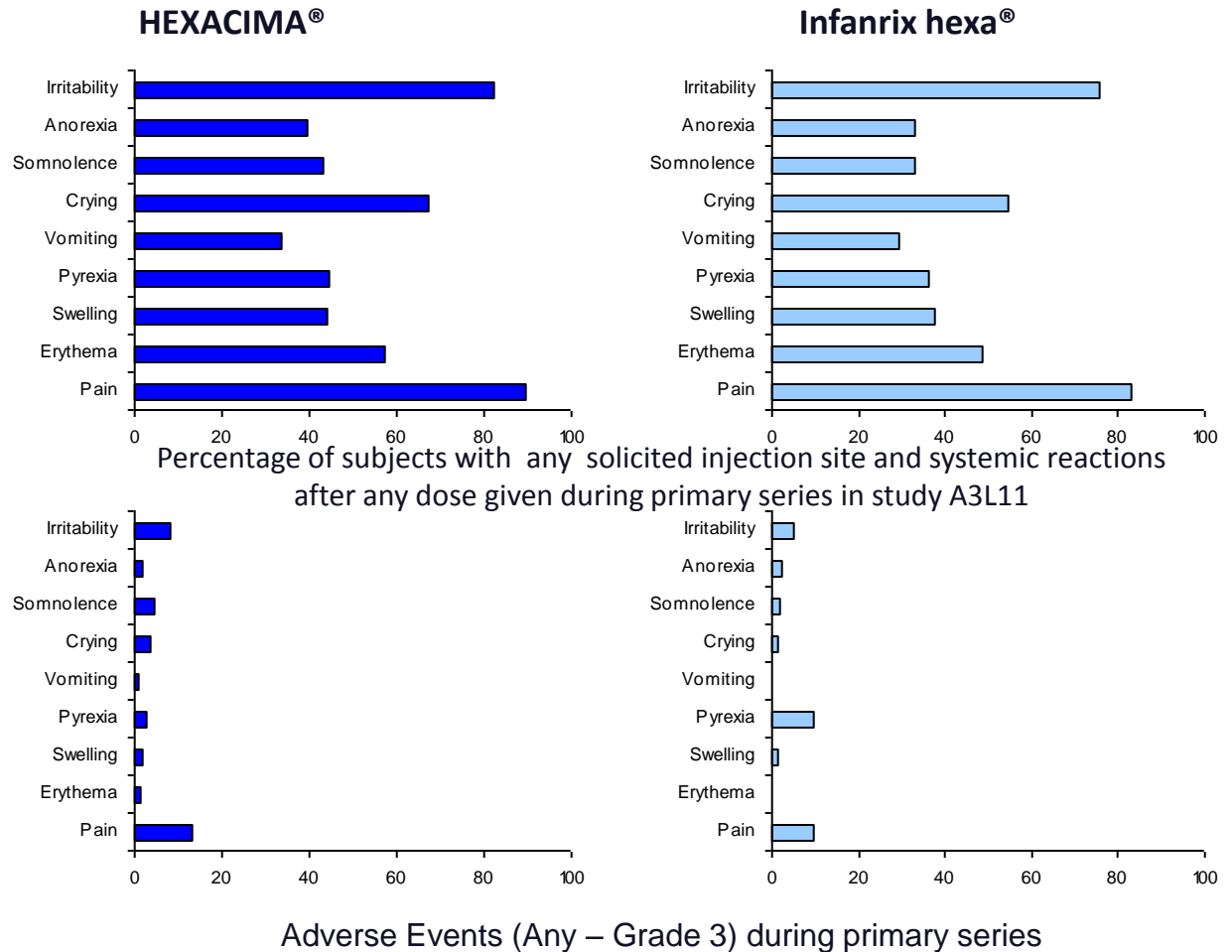
Crying = >3 hours

Somnolence = sleeping most of the time

Anorexia = refuses ≥ 3

feeds/meals

Irritability = inconsolable



HEXACIMA® – Safety

- Safe and well tolerated
 - Under various primary schedules (6-10-14 weeks, 2-3-4 and 2-4-6 months)
 - When given as a booster in the 2nd year of life
 - Regardless of primary schedule
 - Regardless of primary vaccine (HEXACIMA®, PENTAXIM®, DTaP-IPV-HBV//Hib)
 - Better tolerated than wP-based combination vaccines
 - Comparable safety profile to other licensed aP-based combination vaccines (PENTAXIM®, DTaP-IPV-HBV//Hib)
 - Can be safely administered concomitantly with other routine pediatric vaccines
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Summary of clinical trials

- 13 large scale studies enrolling >5.000 infants:
Similar and high immune response to all antigens post-primary and post-booster vaccination, as compared to
 - DTwP combined vaccines
 - PENTAXIM®
 - and another licensed hexavalent vaccine
 - HEXACIMA® induces high booster immune-response regardless of primary series vaccine (HEXACIMA®, PENTAXIM® or another licensed hexavalent vaccine)
 - Can be co-administered with pneumococcal conjugate, rotavirus and MMR vaccines
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HEXACIMA®

An innovative hexavalent vaccine

- High quality production process for all antigens fully manufactured by Sanofi Pasteur
- A recombinant hepatitis B surface antigen specifically developed and manufactured for inclusion in HEXACIMA®
- Improved convenience and compliance via the 6-in-1 vaccine
 - Reducing the number of injections / medical visits
- **A fully liquid, ready-to-use vaccine**
 - No reconstitution required
 - Reducing administration time and thus stress for the baby and parental anxiety¹
 - Ensuring the right dose of each antigen every time
- **Registered in Europe** via the centralised procedure
 - Positive opinion: 21 February 2013
 - Approval: 17 April 2013

[1] Wiedenmayer. *Vaccine*, 2009;27(5)

**Hvala za vašu
pozornost**

